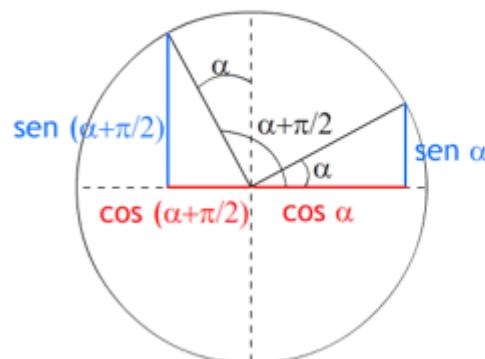
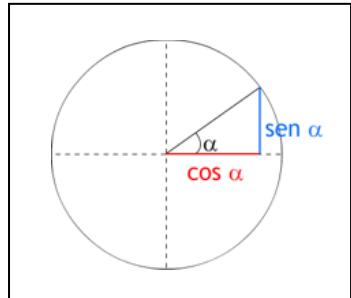




## Trigonometría básica

IES La Magdalena.  
Avilés. Asturias

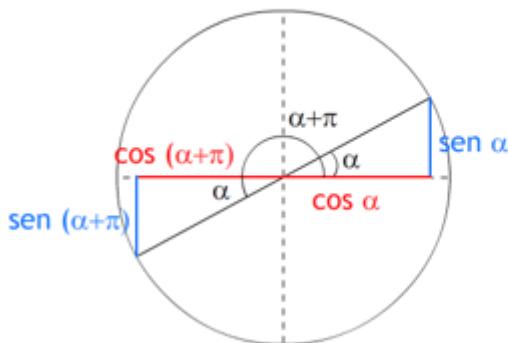
### Ángulos que se diferencian en $\pi/2$



$$\sin \alpha = -\cos(\alpha + \pi/2)$$

$$\cos \alpha = \sin(\alpha + \pi/2)$$

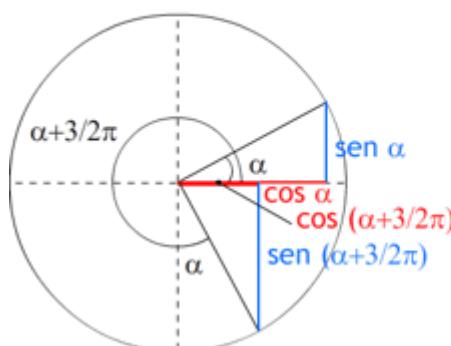
### Ángulos que se diferencian en $\pi$



$$\sin \alpha = -\sin(\alpha + \pi)$$

$$\cos \alpha = -\cos(\alpha + \pi)$$

### Ángulos que se diferencian en $3/2\pi$



$$\sin \alpha = \cos(\alpha + 3/2\pi)$$

$$\cos \alpha = -\sin(\alpha + 3/2\pi)$$

$\sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta$
$\sin(\alpha - \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \cos \alpha \sin \beta$
$\sin(2\alpha) = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$
$\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta$
$\cos(\alpha - \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta$
$\cos(2\alpha) = \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha$